

response, smartening the distribution grid, energy storage, and smart integration of grid users from transport.

The challenge

Siemens and Isle of Wight Council's buildings project was developed in relation to the 'InteGRIDy' programme's demand-side response (DSR) pillar. The overall purpose of the project was to establish if there were any loads that could be affected within the Isle of Wight's commercial and industrial

buildings, by reducing demand and using less energy to achieve a better economic and more efficient solution. For this project, The Heights Leisure Centre was selected as the pilot building.

Siemens recognised that in order to design the optimum solution, there needed to be improved understanding about how the building operated and a clearer picture as to where and how energy was being used.

Although the majority of the building's assets were controlled by a building management system (BMS), there was no visibility of the detailed operation of equipment and what was happening in the centre's spaces.

The challenge for Siemens was to deliver a solution that greatly improved the existing data logging system. It had to be a flexible platform with remote capabilities to allow information to be shared easily and provide the project's stakeholders - located at various locations across the UK and Europe - with the ability to easily visualise vast amounts of data.

The Siemens Navigator platform allowed immediate access to the building's data by the various project, stakeholders.



The initial objective of the project - to provide programme stakeholders with access to building data - was successfully achieved

The solution

Mark Byvelds, Energy Engineer, Siemens, said: "The first step we took to delivering an effective solution was to install the Siemens Navigator platform. This allowed immediate access to the building's data by the various project stakeholders. Navigator is a proven, integrated, cloud-based platform, that is used to collect and store data for detailed reporting and advanced analytics. In this instance, it provided visibility of the building's performance and its energy use."

The platform allowed users to easily evaluate the leisure centre's data - through either manual or automated fault detection - to identify potential energy waste and building improvements. In a leisure centre environment, this could range from lights being left on when exercise spaces are not being used, to ontinued operation of ventilation systems when the building is closed.

As part of the installation, the Siemens team decided to leverage the existing building management system's infrastructure and the leisure centre's utility metering to trend over data points, which utomatically sent uptodate information to the Siemens Navigator servers as part of daily reporting.

In addition to providing a technically sound system, the solution also required close collaboration between the site's BMS contractor, the council's IT department and technical experts from Siemens to collect the data and export it successfully outside of the council's IT network.

The result was web-based access to, new data alues every day for ad hoc reporting and easy-to-interpret data visuals from the Navigator dashboard.

The benefits

The initial objective of the project - to provide programme stakeholders with access to building data - was successfully achieved. Building operations, meaning what was running, when, and how efficiently, were given a greater level of transparency, and a potential for DSR control was exposed.

The Navigator platform solution provided both Siemens engineers and council staff the data necessary to identify opportunities for increased energy efficiency, lower operating costs and improved comfort for the leisure centre's visitors.

Siemens was also able to deliver added value by leveraging its own crossdivisional relationships and exploiting the knowledge of its experts in energy

solutions and building technologies in the design of the solution. Navigator, combined with the Building Performance and Sustainability engineers behind it, and with support from the Isle of Wight council and the site's BMS contractor, meant any technical hurdles were easily overcome without risk of compromising the quality of the solution.

Mark Byvelds: "In addition to meeting the brief, we were pleased to identify other areas that would improve the leisure centre's energy efficiency or comfort. Analysis of space temperatures against outside air temperatures and time of day indicated that control of the ventilation and temperature control system could be adjusted for improved efficiency and comfort throughout the day."

"We also found that the swimming pool hall air temperature was set based on the main pool's water temperature. The smaller teaching pool was kept at a higher temperature which meant the air surrounding it was colder than the water, this increased evaporation and heat loss and made swimmers feel cold when exiting the pool. These problems could be mitigated by installing a pool cover overnight and making changes to building control."

This project is a demonstration of how a conventional building can become a smart building. The integration of existing data into a modern, cloudbased platform can provide a clear insight into what is happening inside and proves that a building does not have to be new to be connected.

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